## <u>Listing of Claims</u>:

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1. (Currently Amended) An image reading apparatus comprising:

a detecting surface on which adapted to have a detecting object is placed thereon;

a sensor array having comprising a plurality of sensors arranged to read an image pattern of the detecting object placed on the detecting surface;

a first detection electrode, which is provided at least on at least an upper portion of the sensor array, having and which comprises the detecting surface;

a second detection electrode which comprises a conductive case member that surrounds the sensor array, the second detection electrode being provided to be electrically insulated and spaced apart from the first detection electrode;

a counter electrode which is provided to be at a lower side of the first detection electrode that is on an opposite side of the first detection electrode from the detecting surface, the counter electrode being opposite to the lower side of the first detection electrode through with an interlayer insulating film provided therebetween;

 $\underline{a}$  signal voltage applying circuit which applies a signal voltage having a first signal waveform that varies periodically

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to the counter electrode to excite a second signal waveform to the first detection electrode through the interlayer insulating film; and

a contact detector which determines comprises a detecting circuit for detecting a third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode upon contact of the detecting object with both the first detection electrode and the second electrode, the contact detector determining whether the detecting object brought into contact with the detecting surface is a specific detecting object based on a voltage level of the third signal waveform. excited to the second detection electrode according to contact of the detecting object with both the first detection electrode and the second electrode.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising <u>a</u> drive controller which supplies a predetermined drive control signal to each sensor of the sensor array to perform an image reading operation of the image pattern of the detecting object placed on the detecting surface.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the drive controller controls the image reading operation based on the determination  $\underline{a}$  result of

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the determination by the contact detector of whether the detecting object is the specific detecting object by the contact detector.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein each sensor of the sensor array is comprises a photosensor, and the first detection electrode and interlayer insulating film have transmittance transmit light.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 4, wherein the first detection electrode is comprises a transparent conductive film formed on the upper portion of a light receiving surface of at least the sensor array through with the interlayer insulting film provided between the upper portion of the sensor array and the transparent conductive film, and the photosensors receive light through the first detection electrode and the interlayer insulating film.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the transparent conductive film is formed of material principally of comprises indium-tin oxide.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the first detection electrode is

comprises a conductive film formed on the upper portion of the
sensor array. , and the second detection electrode is conductive
member formed close to at least a part of the surrounding of the
conductive film.

Claim 8 (Canceled).

- 9. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the specific detecting object is a part of a human user body, and the image pattern read by the sensor array is an image pattern specific peculiar to the relevant human user is read.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the detecting object is arranged to be laid across the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode are arranged such that the detecting object is laid across the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode to be brought into contact therewith.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising <u>an</u> amplitude limiting circuit which defines the upper and lower limit voltage values of

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the second signal waveform excited to the first detection electrode.

- 12. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the amplitude limiting circuit includes at least comprises an anti-parallel diode circuit provided between the first detection electrode and a ground potential, and the amplitude limiting circuit defines the upper and lower limit voltage values of the second signal waveform excited to the first detection electrode based on forward voltages of the respective diodes that form the anti-parallel diode circuit.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the signal voltage applying circuit applies, to the counter electrode, a signal having a voltage component having a periodical pulse-like signal waveform with predetermined voltage amplitude to the counter electrode and two periodical voltage levels.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the contact detector determines whether the detecting object is the specific detecting object based on a value of a voltage amplitude and a value of a central

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voltage of the voltage amplitude of the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode.

- 15. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the contact detector determines whether the detecting object is the specific detecting object based on a comparison between: (i) a threshold voltage that is preset based on a capacitance component and a resistance component of the specific detecting object, and (ii) the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the contact detector determines that the detecting object is the specific detecting object when the threshold voltage is included within a range of the <u>a</u> voltage amplitude of the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the threshold voltage is set to a voltage that is higher than the an upper limit value of the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode in a state that in which at least the detecting object comes in no does not come into contact with the detecting surface.

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- 18. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the threshold voltage is set to a voltage that is lower than the a lower limit value of the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode in a state that in which at least the detecting object comes in no does not come into contact with the detecting surface.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the contact detector includes at least comprises a threshold voltage setting circuit that sets the threshold voltage, and a comprising comparing circuit that compares the threshold voltage and the third signal waveform.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the contact detector determines whether the threshold voltage is included in the a range of the a voltage amplitude of the third signal waveform based on the comparison a result of the comparison by the comparing circuit, and outputs a contact detection signal indicating that the detecting object is the specific detecting object when it is determined that the threshold voltage is included in the range of the voltage amplitude of the third signal waveform.

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- 21. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the third signal waveform is a waveform that varies periodically, and the contact detector includes comprises means for detecting whether the third signal waveform has passed the threshold voltage level, and a count circuit which counts the a number of times that the third signal waveform has passed the threshold voltage level, and the contact detector outputs a contact detection signal indicating that the detecting object is the specific detecting object when the a number of continuous count times in a row that the third signal waveform has passed the threshold voltage counted by the count circuit exceeds the a preset number of times.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the sensors are comprise photosensors, have each of which includes a source electrode and a drain electrode that are formed to sandwich a channel area formed of a semiconductor layer, and a first gate electrode and a second gate electrode that are formed on at least on upper and lower portions of the channel area through each with respective gate insulating film, films provided between the gate electrodes and the channel area, and wherein a reset pulse is applied to the first gate electrode to initialize the sensors sensor and a precharge pulse is applied to the drain electrode, thereafter a

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read pulse is applied to the second gate , thereby such that an electrical charge corresponding to the an amount of irradiated light is stored in the channel area for a charge storing time, which is from the an end of initialization to application of the read pulse, and a voltage corresponding to the amount of the stored charges charge is output as an output voltage is output to the channel area, and the image pattern of the detecting object placed on the detecting surface is read based on a difference between a signal voltage according to the precharge pulse and the output voltage.

- 23. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the sensors are formed on an insulating substrate having transmittance that transmits light, a protection insulating film is formed on a side of the sensors opposite to the insulating substrate of the sensors, and the interlayer insulating film includes the protection insulating film and the gate insulating film films.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 23, wherein a transparent conducive film is formed on the protection insulating film, and the first detection electrode is comprises the transparent conductive film.

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- 25. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the counter electrode is comprises the drain electrode electrodes, and the first signal voltage applied to the counter electrode by the signal voltage applying circuit is a pulse voltage applied to the drain electrode electrodes.
- 26. (Original) The image reading apparatus according to claim 25, wherein the pulse voltage is the precharge pulse.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the sensor array includes a plurality of drain lines connected to the drain electrode electrodes of the photosensors, the counter electrode is comprises the drain electrode electrodes and the drain line lines, and the first signal voltage applied to the counter electrode by the signal voltage applying circuit is a pulse voltage applied to the drain lines.
- 28. (Original) The image reading apparatus according to claim 27, wherein the pulse voltage is the precharge pulse.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 1, wherein a time constant, which is defined

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by a resistance component between the detecting surface and the  $\underline{a}$  ground potential and a capacitance component added to the detecting surface, is set to  $\underline{0.3}$   $\underline{\mu}$  sec or a smaller value  $\underline{a}$  value  $\underline{in}$  a range of  $\underline{0.2}$  to  $\underline{0.3}$   $\underline{\mu}$  sec.

- 30. (Original) The image reading apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the resistance component includes electrical resistance of the first detection electrode.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the capacitance component includes electrostatic capacitance between the first detection electrode and the counter electrode opposed through the interlayer insulating film and between the first detection electrode and the sensor sensors.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the time constant is set to  $\frac{0.25}{\mu}$  purpose or a smaller value a value in a range of 0.2 to 0.25  $\mu$ sec.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the resistance component is set to  $30~\Omega$  or a smaller value has a sheet resistance having a value of  $30~\Omega$ .

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- 34. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the capacitance component is set to 10 nF or a smaller capacitance value has a capacitance having a value set to approximately 7 to 10 nF.
- 35. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 29, wherein each sensor of the sensor array is comprises a photosensor and has a predetermined having a light receiving surface, and the first detection electrode has an area larger than the area of the light receiving surface a light receiving area of the sensor array, and is the first detection electrode comprises a transparent electrode film formed on the an upper portion of the light receiving surface area of the sensor array through with the interlayer insulating film provided between the upper portion of the light receiving area and the transparent electrode film; and

wherein the photosensors receive light in the light receiving area through the first detection electrode and the interlayer insulting film.

36. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 35, wherein  $\underline{a}$  conductive member having a resistance value  $\underline{that}$  is lower than a resistance value of the transparent conductive film is provided to be electrically

connected to an area besides an area corresponding to at least  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac$ 

- 37. (Original) The image reading apparatus according to claim 36, wherein the resistance component includes electrical resistance formed by the transparent conductive film and the conductive member.
- 38. (Currently Amended) The image reading apparatus according to claim 36, wherein the conductive member is formed of any one of conductive materials comprises one of chromium, aluminum, an alloy material containing chromium, and an alloy material containing aluminum.
- 39. (Currently Amended) A driving method for driving an image reading apparatus including a sensor array having a detecting surface on which a detecting object is placed and a drive controller which reads an image pattern of the detecting object placed on the detecting surface, the method comprising: the steps of:

applying  $\underline{a}$  signal voltage having a first signal waveform that varies periodically to a counter electrode  $\underline{which}$  is provided on an upper portion of the sensor array  $\underline{such}$  that the counter

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electrode is provided at a lower side of a first detection

electrode which comprises the detection surface at an upper side

thereof with an interlayer insulating film provided between the

counter electrode and the first detection electrode, to be

opposite to a first detection electrode having the detecting

surface through an interlayer insulating film to excite a second

signal waveform to the first detection electrode;

detecting a third signal waveform, which is excited to the a second detection electrode based on upon contact of the detecting object with both the first detection electrode and the second detection electrode, the second signal electrode comprising a conductive case member that surrounds the sensor array being provided to be electrically insulated and spaced apart from the first detection electrode;

determining whether the detecting object brought into contact the detecting surface is a specific detecting object based on the state a voltage level value of the detected third signal waveform; and

starting reading of the image pattern by the drive controller when it is determined that the detecting object is the specific detecting object.

40. (Currently Amended) The driving method for the image reading apparatus according to claim 39, wherein the step of

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determining whether the detecting object is [[a]] the specific detecting object includes the step of comprises comparing: (i) a threshold value that is preset based on a capacitance component and a resistance component of the specific detecting object with (ii) the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode.

- 41. (Currently Amended) The driving method for the image reading apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the step of comparing the threshold voltage with the third signal waveform includes the step of comprises determining whether the threshold voltage is included within the a range of voltage amplitude of the third signal waveform, and the step of determining that the detecting object is the specific detecting object when it is determined that the threshold voltage is included within the range of voltage amplitude of the third signal waveform.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The driving method for the image reading apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the step of comparing the threshold voltage with the third signal waveform includes the step of comprises detecting whether the third signal waveform has passed the threshold voltage level, and the step of determining that the detecting object is the specific detecting object when the a number of times in a row that the third signal

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waveform has passed the threshold voltage  $\frac{1}{2}$  evel is counted and  $\frac{1}{2}$  the number of continuous count times exceeds  $\frac{1}{2}$  preset number of times.

- 43. (Currently Amended) The driving method for the image reading apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the threshold voltage is set to a voltage that is higher than the an upper limit value of the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode in a state that in which at least the detecting object comes in no does not come into contact with the detecting surface.
- 44. (Currently Amended) The driving method for the image reading apparatus according to claim 40, wherein the threshold voltage is set to a voltage that is lower than the a lower limit value of the third signal waveform excited to the second detection electrode in a state that in which at least the detecting object comes in no does not come into contact with the detecting surface.